## **CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) An iodine injection system for a laser having an improved iodine injection system, the laser comprising:

a gas generator for producing a first gas;

a laser cavity where lasing occurs, the laser cavity in fluid communication with the gas generator;

a symmetric two-dimensional Minimum Length Nozzle (MLN) between the gas generator and the laser cavity, the MLN having:

a curved sonic line:

a throat located at a first end of the MLN, the throat being in fluid communication with the gas generator and receiving a flow of the first gas from the gas generator:

a curved sonic line defining the transonic boundary of the flow of the first gas within the MLN; and

an exit plane <u>located at a second end of the MLN</u>, the exit plane forming the boundary between the MLN and the laser cavity such that a flow of a second gas is output from the MLN and input into the laser cavity, and the flow of the second gas is generally uniform and generally supersonic; and

wherein the nozzle feeds a laser cavity; and

at least one iodine injection strut located within the MLN and that is located downstream of the throat, the strut injects iodine into the flow of the first gas.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the first gas is a stream comprising oxygen which flows through the nozzle and flows perpendicular to an upstream edge of the strut is perpendicular to the velocity of the stream.
- 3. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 2 wherein the upstream edge of the strut is a sharp wedge with an angle less than 45°.
- 4. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 3 wherein the sharp wedge has an angle of 20° or less.

- 5. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the strut has a coating on its outer surface.
- 6. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the nozzle has a kernel region and the strut is located near the downstream end of the kernel region.
- 7. (Original) The iodine injection system of claim 6 wherein the downstream edge of the kernel region is located between 10% to 50% of the distance from the throat and the exit plane.
  - 8. (Cancelled).
- 9. (Previously Presented) The iodine injection system of claim 1 wherein the strut is located within 20% to 90% of the distance between the nozzle throat and the exit plane.
- 10. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the strut comprises an iodine feed duct and at least one orifice through which the iodine exits the feed duct.
- 11. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 10 wherein the feed duct has two ends and is manifolded for iodine feed from both ends.
  - 12. (Cancelled)
  - 13. (Cancelled)
- 14. (Previously Presented) The iodine injection system according to claim 11 wherein the feed duct includes a carrier gas.
- 15. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the nozzle has walls and the height of the strut between the nozzle walls is about 2 cm to about 50 cm.

16. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the width of a strut is about 2 mm to about 10 mm.

## 17. (Cancelled)

- 18. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein there are at least two struts that are sufficiently spaced apart to reduce the amount of bow shock from one strut from impinging on an adjacent strut.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The iodine injection system according to claim 18 where<u>in</u> the struts <u>are</u> spaced apart by about 0.5 cm to 4 cm.
- 20. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the strut has at least one fin on its downstream face.

## 21. (Cancelled)

- 22. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 3 wherein the sharp ogive has an angle of 20° or less.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein a carrier gas is injected with the iodine.
- 24. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 23 wherein the carrier gas is helium.
- 25. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 23 wherein the carrier gas is nitrogen.

- 26. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein there are at least two struts, the second strut being located further downstream in the nozzle than the first.
- 27. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein there are at least two struts that are staggered between the nozzle throat and the exit plane.
- 28. (Original) The iodine injection system according to claim 1 wherein the strut further comprises a heating element.

## 29-56. (Cancelled)

- 57. (New) A laser having an improved iodine injection system, the laser comprising:
- a Singlet Delta Oxygen Generator (SOG) for producing a first flow of singlet delta oxygen;
- a laser cavity where lasing occurs, the laser cavity in fluid communication with the SOG;
- a symmetric two-dimensional MLN between the gas generator and the laser cavity, the MLN having:
  - a throat located at a first end of the MLN, the throat being in fluid communication with the gas generator and receiving the first flow from the SOG;
  - a curved sonic line defining the transonic boundary of the flow of the first flow; and an exit plane located at a second end of the MLN, the exit plane forming the boundary between the MLN and the laser cavity such that a second flow of a second gas is output from the MLN and input into the laser cavity, and the flow of the second gas is generally uniform and generally supersonic; and
- at least one injection member located within the MLN and located downstream of the curved sonic line, the injection member dispersing iodine into the first flow.
- 58. (New) The system according to claim 57, wherein the injection member comprises at least one strut.